### SFHCHS19 Undertake routine clinical measurements



### **Overview**

This standard covers taking and recording routine clinical measurements to establish a baseline for future comparison or as part of the individuals care plan. The recording of such measurements must take into account the individuals overall condition and it is important that where you have any concerns regarding your ability to correctly take these clinical measurements, or if you are at all unsure of you readings, you must ask another competent member of staff to check your recordings to ensure the correct actions can be instigated without delay.

These activities could be done in a variety of care settings, including hospitals wards and other departments including out patients, nursing homes, the individuals own home and GP surgeries.

Users of this competence will need to ensure that practice reflects up to date information and policies.

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# Performance criteria

#### You must be able to:

- P1 apply standard precautions for infection prevention and control and apply other necessary health and safety measures
- P2 check the individual's identity and confirm the planned action
- P3 give the individual relevant information, support and reassurance in a manner which is sensitive to their needs and concerns
- P4 gain valid consent to carry out the planned measurement
- P5 take the measurement at the prescribed time and in the prescribed sequence
- P6 use the appropriate equipment in such a way as to obtain an accurate measurement
- P7 reassure the individual throughout the measurement and answer questions and concerns from the individual clearly, accurately and concisely within own sphere of competence and responsibility
- P8 refer any questions and concerns from or about the individual relating to issues outside your responsibility to the appropriate member of the care team
- P9 seek a further recording of the measurement by another staff member if you are unable to obtain the reading or if you are unsure of the reading
- P10 observe the condition of the individual throughout the measurement
- P11 identify and respond immediately in the case of any significant changes in the individuals condition
- P12 recognise and report without delay any measurement which falls outside of normal levels
- P13 record your findings accurately and legibly in the appropriate documentation
- P14 clean used equipment and return to usual place of storage after use
- P15 dispose of waste and disposable equipment appropriately

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# Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:	K1	the current European and National legislation, national guidelines, organisational policies and protocols in accordance with Clinical/Corporate Governance which affect your work practice in relation
		to undertaking routine clinical measurements
	K2	your responsibilities and accountability in relation to the current
		European and National legislation, national guidelines and local policies
		and protocols and Clinical/Corporate Governance
	K3	the duty to report any acts or omissions in care that could be detrimental
		to yourself, other individuals or your employer
	K4	the importance of applying standard precautions to undertaking
		physiological measurements and the potential consequences of poor
		practice
	K5	the importance of working within your own sphere of competence and
		seeking clinical advice when faced with situations outside your sphere of
		competence
	K6	what valid consent means and why it must be obtained and confirmed
		prior to actions being taken
	K7	the clinical measurements are necessary and the importance of
		undertaking them as directed
	K8	why it is necessary to adjust clothing and/or repositioning the individual
		for some clinical measurements
	K9	the concerns and worries which individuals or client groups may have in
		relation to some clinical procedures
		the equipment used for different measurements
	K11	any alternative equipment available
		the importance of ensuring it is appropriately prepared
	K13	common conditions which necessitate the recording of physiological
		measurements within your work environment
		how blood pressure is maintained
	K15	the differentiation between systolic and diastolic blood pressure and what
	144.0	is happening to the heart in each reading
		the normal limits of blood pressure
	K17	, , , ,
		how body temperature is maintained
		what normal body temperature is
		what is meant by pyrexia, hyper-pyrexia and hypothermia
	K21	
		what affects respiratory rates in individuals, ill and well
		the normal limits of pulse rates what affects pulse rates – raising it and lowering it
		the sites in the body where pulse points can be found
	1/20	and sites in the body where pulse points can be found

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- K26 why an individuals pulse oximetry needs to be measured
- K27 the findings when obtaining pulse oximetry, and the implications of these findings
- K28 what BMI is and how it is used in weight/dietary control
- K29 the factors that influence changes in clinical measurements
- K30 the importance of recording all information clearly and precisely in the relevant documentation, including whether the individual is receiving oxygen
- K31 the importance of reporting all information and any issues which are outside your own sphere of competence to the relevant member of staff without delay

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### **Additional Information**

**External Links** This standard links with the following dimension within the NHS Knowledge and Skills Framework (October 2004):

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Developed by	Skills for Health	
Version number	1	
Date approved	June 2010	
Indicative review date	June 2012	
Validity	Current	
Status	Original	
Originating organisation	Skills for Health	
Original URN	CHS19	
Relevant occupations	Health, Public Services and Care; Health and Social Care; Managers and Senior Officials; Associate Professionals and Technical Occupations; Health and Social Services Officers; Health Associate Professionals; Personal Service Occupations; Healthcare and Related Personal Services	
Suite	Clinical Health Skills	
Key words	Observations, vital signs, blood pressure, BP, temperature, pulse, respirations, respiratory rate, TPR, BMI, peak flow,	